

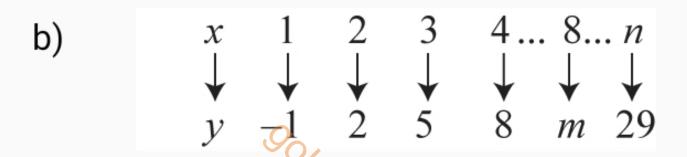
- In the Venn diagram, M and N are intersecting sets in the universal set μ .
- a) Express n(M) and n(N) in terms of x.
- b) Given that n(M) = n(N), find the:
- i value of x
- ii. $n(\mu)$
- c) Simplify: $2^6 \div (2^2 \times 2^1) \div 2^5$

- 2.
- Factorize the expression a) 5ay - by + 15a - 3b.
- b) Solve: $\frac{6}{4p-1} = \frac{4}{3(p+4)}$
- c) Esi and Kofi shared an amount of GH¢21,000.00 in the ratio 2:5 respectively. How much more did Kofi receive than Esi?

3. a) If
$${f r}=\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and ${f m} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$, find ${f p}$ given that ${f p}={f r}-{f m}$.

- The sum of two numbers is 81. If the b) second number is twice the first, find the second number.
- The floor of a rectangular hall is of length 9m and width 4m. How many tiles of 20cm by 30cm can be used to cover the floor completely.

a) Antwiwaa bought 25 mangoes, 7 of which were unripe. What percentage of the mangoes were ripe?



- The mapping shows the relationship x and y. Find the:
- i. rule for the mapping;
- $_{
 m ii.}$ values of m and n
- A bus left town X at 6:30am and arrived at town Y at 1:00pm. If the bus travelled at an average speed of 100km per hour, calculate the distance from town X to town Y.

- a) Simplify: $(4x+2)(x-2)-3x^2$
- The following are the angles formed at the centre of a circle: $40^\circ, 60^\circ, 100^\circ, 3x^\circ$ and $5x^\circ$. Find the value of x.
- The cost (C) in Ghana Cedis of producing a book of x pages is given by

$$C = 25 + 0.6x$$

- Find the cost of producing a book with 220 pages.
- $_{\mathsf{ii.}}$ How many pages are in a book produced at a cost of GH ¢145?

6. The table shows the number of marbles students sent to class for Mathematics lesson.

| Number of marbles | Number of students | fx |
|-------------------|--------------------|----|
| 1 | 4 | - |
| 2 | 5 | - |
| 3 | - | 42 |
| 4 | 9 | - |
| 5 | _ | 30 |
| 6 | 2 | 12 |

- a) Copy and complete the table.
- b) How many:
- i students were in the class?
- ii. marbles were brought altogether?
- iii. marbles did **most** of the students bring?
- c) Calculate, correct to the nearest whole number, the mean number of marbles brought for the lesson.

a)
$$n(M) = 8x + 4 + 6 = 8x + 10$$
 $n(N) = 2x + 7 + 6 = 2x + 13$

b)

i.
$$n(M)=n(N)$$
 $8x+10=2x+13$ $8x+10=2x+13$ $8x-2x=13-10$ $6x=3$ $x=rac{1}{2}$

$$0x = 3$$
 $x = \frac{1}{2}$
ii. $n(\mu)$
 $= (8x + 4) + 6 + (2x + 7) + 6$
 $= 10x + 23$
 $10(\frac{1}{2}) + 23$
 $= 5 + 23$

$$= 28$$

c)
$$2^6 \div (2^2 \times 2^1) \div 2^5$$

= $2^6 \div (2^3) \div 2^5$
= 2^{6-3-5}

$$= 2^{-2}$$

i.
$$n(M) = n(N)$$
 $8x + 10 = 2x + 13$ $8x + 10 = 2x + 13$ $8x - 2x = 13 - 10$ $6x = 3$ $x = \frac{1}{2}$

ii.
$$n(\mu)$$

$$= (8x + 4) + 6 + (2x + 7) + 6$$

$$= 10x + 23$$

$$10(\frac{1}{2}) + 23$$

$$= 5 + 23$$

$$= 28$$

$$26 + (2^2 + 2^4) + 25$$

c)
$$2^6 \div (2^2 \times 2^1) \div 2^5$$

= $2^6 \div (2^3) \div 2^5$
= 2^{6-3-5}

$$=2^{-2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2^2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}$$

a)
$$5ay - by + 15a - 3b$$

= $y(5a - b) + 3(5a - b)$
= $(y + 3)(5a - b)$

b)
$$\frac{6}{4p-1}=\frac{4}{3(p+4)}$$
 $\Rightarrow 6 imes 3(p+4)=4(4p-1)$
 $\Rightarrow 18(p+4)=16p-4$
 $\Rightarrow 18p+72=16p-4$
 $\Rightarrow 18p-16p=-4-72$
 $\Rightarrow 2p=-76$
 $\Rightarrow p=-\frac{76}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow p=-38$

c) Ratio = Esi : Kofi = 2:5Total ratio = 2+5=7

Kofi's share = $\frac{5}{7} \times 21000$ = 15000

Esi's share = 21000 - 15000 = GH c 6000.00

b)
$$\frac{6}{4p-1} = \frac{4}{3(p+4)}$$

 $\Rightarrow 6 \times 3(p+4) = 4(4p-1)$
 $\Rightarrow 18(p+4) = 16p-4$
 $\Rightarrow 18p+72 = 16p-4$
 $\Rightarrow 18p-16p = -4-72$
 $\Rightarrow 2p = -76$
 $\Rightarrow p = -\frac{76}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow p = -38$

c) Ratio = Esi : Kofi =
$$2:5$$

Total ratio = $2+5=7$

Kofi's share
$$= \frac{5}{7} \times 21000$$

$$= 15000$$

$$Esi's share = 21000 - 15000 = GHc6000.00$$

How much more Kofi receives GH¢15,000.00 - GH¢6,000.00 GH¢9,000.00

Kofi received GH¢9,000.00 more than Esi.

a)
$$\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{m}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -4+1 \\ -5+2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$
Let

b) Let x= the first number y= the second number

$$x + y = 81....(1)$$

 $y = 2x....(2)$

Putting (2) into (1) x + 2x = 81

$$3x = 81$$

$$x = \frac{81}{3} = 27$$

Putting x=27 into (2) y=2(27)

$$x + y = 81....(1)$$

 $y = 2x....(2)$

Putting
$$(2)$$
 into (1) $x+2x=81$ $3x=81$

$$x = \frac{81}{3} = 27$$

Putting x=27 into $\left(2\right)$

$$y = 2(27)$$

$$y=54$$

The second number is 54

c) Area of rectangular hall

$$=9\mathrm{m}\times4\mathrm{m}$$

$$= 36 m^{2}$$

$$= 360\,000 \mathrm{cm}^2$$

Area of square tiles $=20 {
m cm} imes 30 {
m cm} = 600 {
m cm}^2$

Number of tiles that can cover the room

$$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$$
 Area of the rectangular hall Area of the tiles

$$=\frac{360000}{600}=600$$

a) Number of ripe mangoes
$$= 25 - 7 = 18$$

Percentage of ripe mangoes
$$=rac{18}{25} imes100=72\%$$

b)

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{5 - 2}{3 - 2} = 3$$

General y=mx+c $m=\frac{y_2-y_1}{x_2-x_1} = 3$ when x=2,y=2

$$2 = 3(2) + c$$
$$c = -4$$

Substituting y = 3x - 4

$$m=3(8)-4$$
 $m=24-4=20$

when
$$x=2, y=2$$
 $2=3(2)+c$ $c=-4$

Substituting
$$y = 3x - 4$$

ii. When
$$x=8$$

$$m=3(8)-4$$

$$m=24-4=20$$

When
$$x=n,y=29$$
 $29=3n-4$
 $3n=29+4$
 $3n=33$
 $n=\frac{33}{3}=11$

Distance from x to y $= 6 \text{hrs } 30 \text{minutes} \times 100$ $= 6\frac{1}{2} \times 100$ $= \frac{13}{2} \times 100$ = 650 km

a)
$$(4x+2)(x-2)-3x^2 = 4x^2-8x+2x-4-3x^2 = 4x^2-3x^2-8x+2x-4 = x^2-6x-4$$

b)
$$40^{\circ}+60^{\circ}+100^{\circ}+3x^{\circ}+5x^{\circ}=360^{\circ}$$
 $200+8x=360$ $8x=360-200$ $8x=160$ $x=\frac{160}{8}=20$ c) $C=25+0.6x$

c)
$$C = 25 + 0.6x$$

i. When
$$x=220$$
 $C=25+0.6(220)$ $C=25+rac{6}{10} imes220$ $C=25+132=157$ $C=\mathrm{GHc}157.00$

ii.
$$145 = 25 + 0.6x$$
 $0.6x = 145 - 25$ $\frac{6x}{10} = 120$ $6x = 120 \times 10$ 120×10 200

b)
$$40^{\circ}+60^{\circ}+100^{\circ}+3x^{\circ}+5x^{\circ}=360^{\circ}\ 200+8x=360\ 8x=360-200\ 8x=160\ x=rac{160}{8}=20$$

c)
$$C = 25 + 0.6x$$

i. When
$$x=220$$
 $C=25+0.6(220)$ $C=25+\frac{6}{10}\times 220$ $C=25+132=157$ $C=\mathrm{GH}$ ¢157.00

ii.
$$145=25+0.6x$$
 $0.6x=145-25$ $\frac{6x}{10}=120$ $6x=120\times 10$ $x=\frac{120\times 10}{6}=200$

a)

| Number of marbles | Number of students | fx |
|-------------------|--------------------|----|
| 1 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | 5 | 10 |
| 3 | 14 | 42 |
| 4 | 9 | 36 |
| 5 | 6 | 30 |
| 6 | 2 | 12 |

b)

90/earners Number of students in class

$$= 4 + 5 + 14 + 9 + 6 + 2$$

= 40

Marbles brought to class

$$=4+10+42+36+30+12$$

= 134

iii. \(3\)

c) Mean
$$= rac{134}{40} = 3.35 pprox 3$$